

CBCS Scheme

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15AE33

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018 Aero Thermodynamics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

**Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.
2. Use of Thermodynamics data handbook is permitted.**

Module-1

- 1 a. Distinguish between : i) Intensive and Extensive properties ii) Diathermal and Adiabatic wall. (04 Marks)
- b. State Zeroth law of thermodynamics and extract the concept of temperature from it. (06 Marks)
- c. The temperature T on a thermometric scale is defined as $T = a \ln k + b$, where a and b are constants. The values of k are found to be 1.83 and 6.78 at 0°C and 100°C respectively. Calculate the temperature for a value of $K = 2.42$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Bring out two similarities and two dissimilarities between heat and work. (04 Marks)
- b. Derive an expression for displacement work in a polytropic process $pV^n = \text{constant}$. Show on a p - v diagram four expansion processes for $n = 0$, $n = 1$, $n = 1.4$ and $n = \infty$. Name each of the process. (08 Marks)
- c. A shaft transmitting 600 hp rotates at 3600 rpm. Determine the torque applied to the shaft. (04 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Write the first law of thermodynamics for any process in :
i) closed system ii) Open system. (04 Marks)
- b. A stationary mass of gas is compressed without friction from initial state of 0.3m^3 and 0.105MPa to a final state of 0.15m^3 and 0.105MPa , the pressure remaining constant during the process. There is a transfer of 37.6kJ of heat from the gas during the process. How much does the internal energy of the gas change? (06 Marks)
- c. A domestic refrigerator is loaded with food and the door closed. During a certain period of time the machine consumes 1kWh of energy and the energy of the system decreases by 5000kJ . Determine the magnitude and direction of heat transfer for the process. (06 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Write Steady Flow Energy Equation and explain all the terms involved. (04 Marks)
- b. Apply SFEE for : i) Adiabatic Nozzle ii) Steam turbine. (06 Marks)
- c. A small turbine runs an aircraft refrigeration system. Air enters the turbine at 4 bar and 40°C with velocity 200m/s . If the work output of the turbine is 52kJ/kg of air, calculate the heat transferred per kg of air. (06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Represent schematically and give performance equation for :
i) Heat engine ii) Refrigerator iii) Heat pump. (04 Marks)
Prove that $(\text{COP})_{\text{HP}} = (\text{COP})_{\text{Refrigerator}} + 1$.
- b. State Kelvin Planck and Clausius statements of second law of thermodynamics and show that they are equivalent. (06 Marks)

- c. A reversible refrigerator operates between 35°C and -15°C . If heat rejected to 35°C is 1.5kw, determine the rate at which heat is leaking into refrigerator. (06 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Define Entropy and prove that it is a property of the system. (04 Marks)
 b. For an ideal gas undergoing finite change of state from 1 to 2, derive an expression for change in entropy. (05 Marks)
 c. A block of iron weighing 100kg and having a temperature of 100°C is immersed in 50kg of water at a temperature of 20°C . What will be the change in entropy of the combined system of iron and water? Specific heats of iron and water are 0.4kJ/kg K and 4.18 kJ/kg K respectively. (07 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Define : i) Pure substance ii) Saturation conditions iii) Triple point iv) Critical point v) Compressibility factors. (05 Marks)
 b. Sketch and explain P – T diagram of water. (05 Marks)
 c. Find enthalpy, entropy and volume of steam at 1.4MPa and 380°C . (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Derive and explain Maxwell's equations. (08 Marks)
 b. Show that for an ideal gas $C_p - C_v = R$. (02 Marks)
 c. 1 kg of air at a pressure of 8 bar and temperature 100°C undergoes reversible polytropic process following the law $pv^{1.2} = \text{constant}$. If final pressure is 1.8 bar determine the final specific volume, Temperature and increase in entropy. Assume $R = 0.287 \text{ kJ/kg k}$, $\gamma = 1.4$. (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. What are Air standard Assumptions? (04 Marks)
 b. Explain Working of a diesel engine with the help of p –v and T-S diagrams. Derive an expression for the efficiency of diesel cycle in terms of its compression and cut – off ratios. (07 Marks)
 c. A diesel engine has a compression ratio of 14 and cut – off takes place at 6% of stroke. Find Air -- standard efficiency. (05 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain Rankine cycle with the help of a sketch and T – S diagram. Derive an expression for thermal efficiency of Rankine cycle. (06 Marks)
 b. What are the methods for increasing the efficiency of Rankine cycle? (04 Marks)
 c. Consider a steam power plant operating on a simple Rankine cycle. Steam enters the turbine at 3MPa and 350°C and is condensed in the condenser at a pressure of 75KPa. Determine the thermal efficiency of the cycle. (06 Marks)

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